# Pay less tax and boost your super



**\**13 11 84

australianretirementtrust.com.au

You may be entitled to receive a bonus from HSBC. If you are, you could consider putting that bonus – or a portion thereof – into super as a tax-effective way to improve your financial future.

# Why consider super?

The gap between individual income tax rates and the concessional tax rate on super makes contributing your bonus to your super worth considering.

Saving through superannuation can be a tax-effective way to provide for your retirement as:

- contributions made to super from your pre-tax salary are taxed at the concessional rate of 15%<sup>1</sup> when they are received
  by the fund.
- contributions made to super from your post-tax salary are not taxed when they are received by the fund, provided you do
  not exceed your cap, as you have already paid income tax on them when your salary was paid to you. Employees can now
  claim a tax deduction for these contributions when they submit their tax return (you need to let your super fund know
  beforehand). 15% tax would be deducted, and it would be treated as a pre-tax contribution.
- no tax is payable on any payments or benefits that you receive from your super if paid to you after you reach age 60.
- within the fund your investment earnings are taxed at a maximum of 15%.
- the money in your super account will be invested by a team of experts who work hard to get you the best retirement outcome.

In comparison, any income you earn outside of superannuation, including investment earnings, is generally taxed according to your individual income tax rate, which could be up to 47% (including the Medicare levy).

<sup>1</sup> Provided they don't exceed the annual contribution caps and your income (including concessional [before-tax] contributions) is less than \$250,000 per year.

# You have two options to put your bonus into your super

# 1. A before-tax (concessional) contribution, also referred to as 'salary sacrifice'

Salary sacrifice to super is an arrangement between you and your employer where your employer pays an agreed portion of your salary into your superannuation account rather than directly to you. By salary sacrificing, you can reduce your taxable income and increase your superannuation balance.

# What are the tax benefits?

When you receive your salary and wages in cash, PAYG tax at your marginal tax rate is deducted. When you put it into super, contributions tax at only 15% is deducted. Typically, salary sacrifice is a tax-effective strategy if your annual income is more than \$37,000 a year because the contributions tax on your super will most likely be lower than your marginal tax rate.

### **Important**

By law, you need to instruct HSBC of your choice to salary sacrifice before you earn the salary.

# 2. An after-tax (non-concessional) contribution after receiving your bonus

After receiving your bonus, you could contribute some (or all) of it to super and claim the amount as a tax deduction in your tax return. This may reduce the income tax you pay, and the contribution to your super will be taxed at the concessional rate (provided that you have not exceeded the contribution caps, as explained further). Please call your super fund for assistance if you'd like to do this.

Last updated: July 2023

Disclaimer and disclosure This factsheet has been prepared and issued by Australian Retirement Trust Pty Ltd (ABN 88 010 720 840 AFSL No. 228975), the trustee of Australian Retirement Trust (ABN 60 905 115 063) (the Fund). It contains general advice and does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any particular individual. You should consider if the advice is appropriate to your own circumstances before acting on it. You should also consider the relevant Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) before deciding to acquire or continue to hold any financial product and also the relevant Target Market Determination (TMD). We are committed to respecting your privacy. Our privacy policy sets out how we do this. For a copy of the PDS, TMD or Privacy Policy, please phone 13 11 84 or go to portal.australianretirementtrust.com.au/hsbc

# Pay less tax and boost your super



**\**13 11 84

australianretirementtrust.com.au

# The difference between the two strategies

The net outcome of contributing the same gross amount to super is very similar from a tax-saving perspective. However, there are some small differences due to the timing of the contributions, for example:

- in the first scenario, your super gets a boost straight-away (when your employer pays your super) so it can start generating investment returns, while the second scenario only gives you an increase in super when you decide to make the contribution.
- salary sacrificing reduces your take-home pay immediately, whereas the second strategy allows you to decide when
  the money is paid into your super.

# Contribution caps – how much can you put into super?

# **Concessional contribution cap**

There is a cap on the amount of concessional contributions you can make each year. For the 2023-24 financial year this limit, referred to as the 'concessional contribution cap', is \$27,500.

Contributions that count towards this cap include:

- all employer contributions that HSBC makes on your behalf,
- any salary sacrifice (before-tax) contributions that you've asked HSBC to make,
- the life insurance premium that HSBC pays on your behalf if you are a member of the HSBC Employees Superannuation Plan with Australian Retirement Trust, plus
- all personal contributions you make for which you claim a tax deduction.

It is important to consider this cap when planning any contribution strategy, noting that:

- contributions made to all the super funds you may have count towards the contribution cap
- contributions made throughout the whole financial year count toward the contribution cap. (These will include any contributions made between the time you receive your bonus and 30 June each financial year. Also remember that your salary, and therefore your SG contributions, may change during the year.), and
- any Retirement Bonus that you receive on commencing a Retirement income account count towards the contribution cap.

Log into Member Online at australianretirementtrust.com.au and click on the Contributions tab and then Concessional contributions to view the total amount of concessional contributions made to your Australian Retirement Trust account so far this financial year. You can also call us on 13 11 84.

## Non-concessional contribution cap

The government also limits the amount of voluntary after-tax contributions you can pay to your super fund without being penalised. This limit is referred to as the 'non-concessional contribution cap'. The cap for the 2023-24 financial year is \$110,000.

Contribution rules also prohibit any non-concessional contributions being made for people with a 'total superannuation balance' of \$1.9 million or more from 1 July 2023.

# 'Catch-up' concessional contributions

Unused portions of the concessional contributions cap can be 'rolled over' to future years, subject to certain conditions. This means that from 1 July 2019, if your 'total superannuation balance' is less than \$500,000 (as at the last day of the previous financial year) you will be able to make use of the unused portions on a rolling 5-year basis.

For example, if your concessional contributions are \$15,000 less than the concessional contributions cap, that \$15,000 unused portion is effectively rolled over and added to your concessional cap.

Last updated: July 2023

Disclaimer and disclosure This factsheet has been prepared and issued by Australian Retirement Trust Pty Ltd (ABN 88 010 720 840 AFSL No. 228975), the trustee of Australian Retirement Trust (ABN 60 905 115 063) (the Fund). It contains general advice and does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any particular individual. You should consider if the advice is appropriate to your own circumstances before acting on it. You should also consider the relevant Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) before deciding to acquire or continue to hold any financial product and also the relevant Target Market Determination (TMD). We are committed to respecting your privacy. Our privacy policy sets out how we do this. For a copy of the PDS, TMD or Privacy Policy, please phone 13 11 84 or go to portal.australianretirementtrust.com.au/hsbc

# Pay less tax and boost your super



**\**13 11 84

australianretirementtrust.com.au

Unused cap amounts that aren't used after 5 years expire.

## What if you exceed the cap?

If you exceed your concessional contribution cap, the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) will look at the information provided to them from all the super funds you may have, as well as information you report in your tax return, to assess if you need to pay the excess concessional contributions charge. You can find more information on what happens if you go over your concessional contributions cap and how any tax can be paid on the **ATO website**.

### Points to consider

It's important to be aware:

- Money in your super account cannot generally be withdrawn until you have reached your preservation age (between ages 55 and 60 depending on your birthday) and have retired, or you reach age 65.
- If your total income<sup>2</sup> is less than \$57,016 for the 2022-23 financial year, you may be eligible for the government cocontribution if you choose to make an after-tax contribution to super. For further information, see our **website**.
- If you breach either the concessional or non-concessional contribution caps, additional tax may be payable on any
  excess contributions.

# Supersize your house deposit

Are you aware of the Federal Government's new First Home Super Saver Scheme (FHSSS)?

If you're saving for your first home, the FHSSS can help you achieve your home ownership dream sooner. Your savings may grow faster under the FHSSS than they would if you were to put the money into a cash savings account. That's because you may pay less tax by saving within super, and the deemed earnings rate that applies may be higher than bank interest.

Find out more at art.com.au/fhsss

## Need some financial advice?

Speak to your adviser. If you don't have a personal financial adviser, Australian Retirement Trust has qualified financial advisers<sup>3</sup> who can help you over the phone with simple advice about your Super Savings account. This service is included in your membership<sup>4</sup>. If the advice you need is more complex or comprehensive in nature, we may recommend you see an accredited external financial adviser<sup>5</sup>. Advice of this nature may incur a fee. You can find out more about financial advice options at art.com.au/advice/options

# We're here to help

For more information, visit **portal.australianretirementtrust.com.au/hsbcstaff** or call us on **13 11 84** between 8.00am and 6.30pm AEST, Monday to Friday.

Last updated: July 2023

Disclaimer and disclosure This factsheet has been prepared and issued by Australian Retirement Trust Pty Ltd (ABN 88 010 720 840 AFSL No. 228975), the trustee of Australian Retirement Trust (ABN 60 905 115 063) (the Fund). It contains general advice and does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any particular individual. You should consider if the advice is appropriate to your own circumstances before acting on it. You should also consider the relevant Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) before deciding to acquire or continue to hold any financial product and also the relevant Target Market Determination (TMD). We are committed to respecting your privacy. Our privacy policy sets out how we do this. For a copy of the PDS, TMD or Privacy Policy, please phone 13 11 84 or go to portal.australianretirementtrust.com.au/hsbc

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Total income for this purpose includes tax assessable income, all before-tax super contributions (with the exception of employer SG contributions) and reportable fringe benefits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Australian Retirement Trust employees provide advice as representatives of Sunsuper Financial Services Pty Ltd (ABN 50 087 154 818 AFSL No. 227867) (SFS), wholly owned by Australian Retirement Trust. <sup>4</sup> Sunsuper Financial Services Pty Ltd (ABN 50 087 154 818 AFSL No. 227867) (SFS) is a separate legal entity responsible for the financial services it provides. Eligibility conditions apply. Refer to the Financial Services Guide (pdf) for more information. <sup>5</sup> Australian Retirement Trust has established a panel of accredited external financial advisers who are not employees of Australian Retirement Trust. Australian Retirement Trust is not responsible for the advice provided by these advisers and does not receive or pay any referral fees. These advisers will explain to you how their advice fees are determined.